### **ABOUT THE RMA SURVEY OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES**

Every two years the Ministry for the Environment carries out the Resource Management Act (RMA) survey of local authorities in New Zealand. The survey includes questions about key aspects of RMA implementation:

- the numbers and types of resource consent applications processed
- the time taken to process resource consent applications
- charges to applicants for resource consent applications
- good practice in resource consent processing
- monitoring, compliance, complaints and enforcement
- Māori participation in RMA processes
- the numbers and types of plan changes and variations.

The purpose of the survey is to:

- help the Minister for the Environment monitor how the RMA is being put into practice
- highlight trends over time in implementing the RMA, as well as areas where performance by local authorities may require greater attention
- promote good practice under the RMA and improve local authorities'
- enable each local authority to compare its performance with others
- provide local authorities with information so they can more accurately respond to enquiries about RMA processes.

This brochure highlights the key facts on RMA processes for the 2010/2011 financial year for the 78 local authorities that responded to the survey. The full report on the Resource Management Act: Survey of Local Authorities 2010/2011 can be found on the Ministry for the Environment's website at: www.mfe.govt.nz/publications/rma/annual-survey.

## FIVE KEY FACTS FROM 2010/2011

- 36,154 resource consent applications were processed through to a decision.
- 0.56 per cent (203) of resource consent applications were declined.
- 6 per cent (2263) of resource consent applications were notified in some way (publicly notified and limited-notified).
- 95 per cent of resource consent applications were processed on time.
- 68 per cent of consents that required monitoring were actually monitored.



## RESOURCE CONSENT APPLICATIONS PROCESSED BY INDIVIDUAL LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Local authorities are grouped according to their authority type and, in the case of the 61 territorial authorities, the volume of resource consent applications they process.

Resource consent applications processed by local authorities and the percentage processed on time and the use of section 37

	Local authority	2010/11 Use of s37 [2010/11]		Group	Local authority	2010/11	Use of s37 (2010/11)			
		% on time	% of total consents processed			% on time	% of total consents processed			
	Carterton District Council	100	4	က	Far North District Council	95	3			
	Central Hawke's Bay District	100	6	Territorial authorities group	Hamilton City Council	94	6			
•	Council			ies	Hastings District Council	95	2			
	Clutha District Council	100	0	borit	Hutt City Council	99	2			
	Gore District Council	98	4	ant	New Plymouth District Council	98	9			
	Grey District Council	97	7	orial	Palmerston North City Council	77	1			
	Hurunui District Council	98	3	ŧ	Rotorua District Council	98	3			
	Kaikoura District Council	96	7	ř	Tauranga City Council	98	9			
	Kawerau District Council	100	0		Thames-Coromandel District	98	13			
	Mackenzie District Council	88	14		Council					
	Masterton District Council	99	3		Waikato District Council	96	16			
	Opotiki District Council	97	6		Waipa District Council	96	7			
	Otorohanga District Council	99	5	7 dn	Christchurch City Council	90	10			
	Rangitikei District Council	100	0	gro	Dunedin City Council	99	5			
	Ruapehu District Council	98	3	Territorial authorities group 4	Queenstown-Lakes District Council	96	0			
	South Waikato District Council	98	0	후	Wellington City Council	99	Q			
	Stratford District Council	100	0	l a	Wettington City Council	,,	,			
	Tararua District Council	91	0	toria						
	Waimate District Council	78	2	Ë						
	Wairoa District Council	100	3							
	Waitomo District Council	100	0	Regional councils	Bay of Plenty Regional Council	100	27			
	Ashburton District Council	98	3		Environment Canterbury Regional Council	92	27			
	Buller District Council	100	12	onal	Environment Southland	92	8			
	Central Otago District Council	98	5	egic	Greater Wellington Regional	99	18			
	Hauraki District Council	99	15	_	Council	• •	.0			
	Horowhenua District Council	98	5		Hawke's Bay Regional Council	98	15			
	Invercargill City Council	99	15		Horizons Regional Council	98	42			
	Kaipara District Council	93	72		Northland Regional Council	99	46			
	Kapiti Coast District Council	93	4		Otago Regional Council	99	23			
	Manawatu District Council	94	1		Taranaki Regional Council	100	28			
	Matamata-Piako District Council	96	8		Waikato Regional Council	90	40			
		93	n		West Coast Regional Council	98	14			
	Napier City Council	99	3	es	Auckland Council	92	9			
	Porirua City Council	99	2	i i	Chatham Islands Council	100	0			
	Selwyn District Council			art	Gisborne District Council	96	13			
	South Taranaki District Council	100	1	Unitary authorities	Marlborough District Council	95	6			
	South Wairarapa District Council	92	0	5	Nelson City Council	89	19			
	Southland District Council	95	12		Tasman District Council	99	32			
	Taupo District Council	100	5	Source: 2010/2011 RMA survey data.  Note: The percentages for resource consent applications						
	Timaru District Council	100	2							
	Upper Hutt City Council	97	6		The percentages for resource ssed within time limits should					
	Waimakariri District Council	74	4		on. A resource consent applica					
	Waitaki District Council	98	5		de of the time limit at the requ					
	Wanganui District Council	00	17	and in this situation does not reflect any inefficiency on						

Wanganui District Council 99 17 the part of the local authority.

#### FUTURE SURVEYS

The Ministry is working collaboratively with councils to develop an integrated framework to monitor the implementation and effectiveness of the RMA. This will build on existing monitoring knowledge, processes and systems to improve reporting of RMA data. The project will help clarify what RMA data will be collected, from where and when, and will reduce the handling of data. Over the long term, the project will build on the existing RMA survey process.

Western Bay of Plenty District 100

Westland District Council 99 12 Whakatane District Council 90 7

Whangarei District Council 91 17

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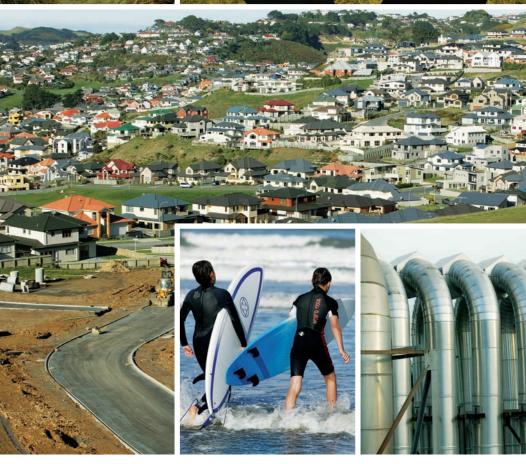
This document and the detailed survey results, Resource Management Act: Survey of Local Authorities 2010/2011, are available on the Ministry for the Environment's website: www.mfe.govt.nz/publications/rma/annual-survey

Disclaimer: Results presented in the 2010/11 survey were derived from data provided by local authorities. Data was collected through the Resource Management Act online survey. All reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the quality and accuracy of the information contained herein.









# RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT

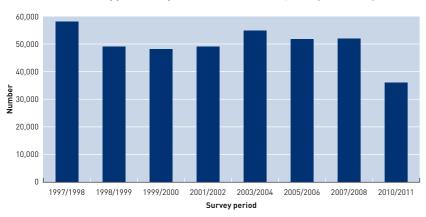
**KEY FACTS ABOUT LOCAL AUTHORITIES** AND RMA PROCESSES IN 2010/2011

New Zealand Government

## RESOURCE CONSENT APPLICATION PROCESSING

- 36,154 resource consent applications were processed through to a decision.
- 4 per cent (1414) of resource consent applications were publicly notified.
- 2 per cent (849) of resource consent applications were notified to affected parties only (limited notification).
- Local authority officers acting under delegated authority made 91 per cent of decisions on resource consent applications.
- 0.56 per cent (203) of resource consent applications were declined.
- 1 per cent (357) of resource consent decisions were appealed.

### Number of consent applications processed to a decision, 1997/98-2010/11



Note: There is no data for 2009 as the survey was not conducted that year.

## Resource consent applications processed, by notification and consent type

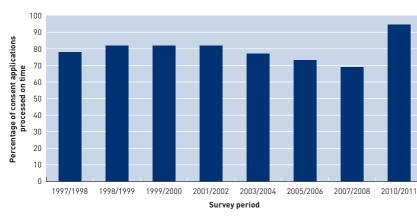
Type of authority	Subdivision	Land use	Coastal	Water	Discharge	Total
Regional	0	3,086	793	2,322	3,188	9,389
Unitary	1,830	9,233	438	496	594	12,591
Territorial	4,462	9,710	0	0	2	14,174
Total	6,292	22,029	1,231	2,818	3,784	36,154

Source: 2010/2011 RMA survey data.

# RESOURCE CONSENT APPLICATIONS PROCESSED ON TIME

- Overall, 95 per cent of resource consent applications were processed on time.
- 87 per cent of notified resource consent applications were processed on time.
- 86 per cent of limited notified resource consent applications were processed on time.
- 95 per cent of non-notified resource consent applications were processed on time.
- Section 37 was used to extend the time limits for 15 per cent of all resource consent applications.

## Percentage of resource consent applications processed on time, 1997/98-2010/11



Note: There is no data for 2009 as the survey was not conducted that year.

### Percentage of resource consent applications processed on time, by consent type

Consent type	Percentage of resource consent applications processed on time
Subdivision	93
Land use	95
Coastal	96
Water	95
Discharge	97

Source: 2010/2011 RMA survey data.

### CHARGES FOR RESOURCE CONSENT APPLICATIONS

The range of average median charges to applicants for resource consent application processing varied depending on the type of notification and issuing authority.

### Average charges to applicants for resource consent applications

Notification type	Territorial authorities				
	Subdivision	Land use			
Notified	\$10,562	\$19,499			
Limited notified	\$3,174	\$5,651			
Non-notified	\$1,312	\$934			

Notification type	Regional councils and unitary authorities <sup>1</sup>						
урс	Subdivision	Land use	Water	Coastal	Discharge		
Notified	\$11,521	\$8,514	\$17,866	\$9,947	\$9,928		
Limited notified	\$6,537	\$4,779	\$4,168	\$2,385	\$4,699		
Non-notified	\$1,581	\$832	\$1,277	\$970	\$1,119		

Source: 2010/2011 RMA survey data.

1: These are combined average median charges for regional councils and unitary authorities.

The total value of all discounts provided by local authorities in 2010/11 was \$204,109.

## MONITORING, COMPLIANCE, COMPLAINTS AND ENFORCEMENT

- 68 per cent of resource consents that required monitoring were monitored.
- 72 per cent of monitored resource consents complied with their conditions.
- 124,172 complaints about alleged breaches of the RMA were received.
- Excessive noise directions (81 per cent) were the most used formal enforcement option to resolve complaints, followed by abatement notices (11 per cent).
- 1800 infringement notices and 1290 abatement notices were issued.

## Percentage of local authorities monitoring and reporting on their responsibilities

lesponsibility		Regional councils	Unitary authorities	Territorial authorities	All
State of the environment	Monitor	100%	83%	43%	54%
	Report	91%	83%	23%	37%
Suitability and effectiveness of policies and plans	Monitor	91%	33%	64%	65%
	Report	45%	17%	38%	37%
Delegated/transferred functions	Monitor	55%	50%	34%	38%
	Report	27%	33%	25%	26%
Compliance with resource consent conditions	Monitor	100%	83%	89%	90%
	Report	91%	67%	48%	55%
Complaints register	Monitor	91%	67%	46%	54%
	Report	82%	67%	15%	28%

Source: 2010/2011 RMA survey data.







## MÃORI PARTICIPATION IN RMA PROCESSES

- All councils provided advice to applicants that their resource consent application may be of interest or concern to iwi or hapū.
- 97 per cent of local authorities had standard resource consent conditions covering the discovery of sites or items significant to iwi/hapū.
- 15 per cent of local authorities involved iwi/hapū in resource consent monitoring.
- 54 per cent of local authorities made a budgetary commitment to iwi/hapū participation in RMA processes.
- 51 per cent of local authorities had written criteria or a set policy for staff to determine when iwi/hapū should be considered an affected party to resource consent applications.
- 24 per cent of local authorities had a policy requiring a cultural impact assessment as part of the resource consent application when a site, species or resource is of concern to iwi/hapū.
- 72 per cent of local authorities had formal memoranda of understanding, protocols, joint management agreements, or service-level agreements with iwi/hapū, and 63 per cent had informal agreements.

### **GOOD PRACTICE BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES**

The results of the RMA survey are used to highlight and monitor the use of good practice by local authorities to improve performance in resource management functions.

- 82 per cent of local authorities provided applicants with a checklist defining the environmental effects that must be addressed in resource consent applications for controlled and restricted discretionary activities.
- 77 per cent of local authorities followed a structured process to identify and address environmental effects.
- 68 per cent of local authorities had internal notes or checklists to guide staff on when to notify a resource consent application.
- 53 per cent of local authorities had internal guidance notes or checklists to help staff identify potentially affected parties.
- All local authorities check each resource consent application for completeness within 5 working days of its arrival.
- 82 per cent of local authorities ran customer satisfaction surveys. Of those providing full information, 91 per cent reported that most customers were either 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied'.
- The average number of staff over the survey period was 943. Forty-three per cent of these staff are planners.

## **PLAN CHANGES AND VARIATIONS**

- 108 council initiated and 35 privately initiated plan changes to operative district or regional plans were completed.
- 35 variations to proposed district or regional plans were completed.